NIVEL B1

CERTIFICADO DE NIVEL INTERMEDIO B1 IDIOMA: INGLÉS

CONVOCATORIA ORDINARIA - 2023

COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS ORALES

CUMPLIMENTE LOS SIGUIENTES DATOS:

APELLIDOS:	 	
NOMBRE:	 	
ASPIRANTE:	 Escolarizado 🗖	•

INSTRUCCIONES PARA REALIZAR ESTA PARTE:

DURACIÓN: 35 minutos

- Esta parte consta de tres tareas. Lea las instrucciones al principio de cada tarea y realícela según se indica.
- Las respuestas escritas a lápiz o en tinta roja no se calificarán.
- No está permitido el uso del diccionario.
- El uso del cualquier dispositivo electrónico queda prohibido durante toda la prueba. El móvil tendrá que permanecer apagado y guardado.
- Atención: No escriba en los recuadros sombreados; son espacios reservados para la calificación de las tareas.

PUNTUACIÓN: / 10

		22
APELLIDOS:	NOMBRE:	<u>~</u>

TASK 1 (6 x 0.4 marks = 2.4 marks)

Listen to six extracts about different scientific facts and match each one (1-6) with the phrase (A-I) that best describes each extract. Write your answers in the table provided. There are TWO phrases that you do NOT need. Extract 0 is an example.

SCIENCE FACTS

	PHRASES					
A	An imperfect solution to a global problem.					
В	An old eating necessity still present.					
С	Choose one language each time to avoid interference.					
D	Experiences are what makes people enjoy.					
Е	It does not matter what language you choose.					
F	People eat more when they are accompanied.					
G	People's food choice can depend on their social conscience.					
н	The perfect solution to climate change.					
I	Your best version depends on your environment.					

Adapted from: www.npr.org

WRITE YOUR ANSWERS TO TASK 1 HERE:									
Extract	0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Phrase	F								
	✓								
					MAR	(

		A A
		A A
APELLIDOS:	NOMBRE:	

TASK 2 (8 x 0.4 marks = 3.2 marks)

Listen to a person speaking about travelling around French Polynesia. Complete the sentences (1-8) with no more than THREE words according to what you hear. Write your answers in the table provided. Sentence 0 is an example.

FRENCH POLYNESIA

- 0. French Polynesia islands are known for their beaches, good weather and...
- 1. Apart from hiking and water sports, you can go on...
- 2. "La Marche" is a...
- 3. On the upper floor of the market there are restaurants, cafés, but mainly...
- 4. Tahiti's centre is well-known for its...
- 5. Visit the market and then fly to Bora Bora...
- 6. Bora Bora is famous for being a more expensive...
- 7. The cost per night of over the water bungalows is...
- 8. Depending on what you want, there is a big...

Adapted from: www.amateurtraveler.com

	WRITE YOUR ANSWERS TO TASK 2 H	IERE:	
0	beautiful blue waters.		1
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
		MARK	

APELLIDOS:	NOMBRE:	

TASK 3 (11 x 0.4 marks = 4.4 marks)

Listen to an interview with a bilingual girl called Leslie. Decide if the sentences (1-11) are true or false according to the interview. Write your answers, T (TRUE) or F (FALSE), in the table provided. Sentence 0 is an example.

	SENTENCES
0	The interviewer moved to the UK when she was 9
1	The interviewer wants to explore the world.
2	Leslie moved to Wisconsin right after she was born.
3	Leslie knew quite a bit of Spanish when she moved back to Mexico.
4	Kids were willing to be her friends at school in Mexico.
5	In her first school year in Mexico, Leslie could only pass one subject.
6	Leslie's parents forced her to speak Spanish at home.
7	Leslie speaks English with a Spanish accent.
8	Listening to music in Spanish helped Leslie with Spanish phonetics.
9	Leslie speaks a third language fluently.
10	Learning German and French was easy for Leslie.
11	Leslie still has a trauma for being bilingual.

Adapted from: BBC One to One

	WRITE YOUR ANSWERS TO TASK 3 HERE:											
Sentence	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
T/F	T											
	√											
Ĺ	N				MA	RK						





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CLAVE DE RESPUESTAS

TASK 1 (6 x 0.4 marks = 2.4 marks)

Listen to six extracts about different scientific facts and match each one (1-6) with the phrase (A-I) that best describes each extract. Write your answers in the table provided. There are TWO phrases that you do NOT need. Number 0 is an example.

Extract	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Phrase	F	I	D	С	Α	G	В
Corrección	/						

N.º respuestas correctas	1	2	3	4	5	6
Puntuación	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2	2.4

TASK 2 (8 x 0.4 marks = 3.2 marks)

Listen to a person speaking about travelling around French Polynesia. Complete the sentences (1-8) with no more than THREE words according to what you hear. Write your answers in the table provided. Statement 0 is an example.

	RESPUESTAS	
0	beautiful blue waters	✓
1	(fishing sunset) cruises	
2	(central) market	
3	(Boutique style) shops / boutiques	
4	waterfalls and jungles	
5	in the afternoon	
6	destination	
7	\$10,000	
8	difference	

N.º respuestas correctas	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
puntuación	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2	2.4	2.8	3.2





TASK 3 (11 x 0.4 marks = 4.4 marks)

Listen to an interview with a bilingual girl called Leslie. Decide if the sentences (1-11) are true or false according to the interview. Write your answers, T (TRUE) or F (FALSE), in the table provided. Sentence 0 is an example.

Sentence	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
T/F	Т	F	F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	F	F	F
Corrección	/											

N.º respuestas correctas	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
puntuación	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4	4.4

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Transcripción de textos

TAREA 1

Science facts

EXTRACT 0

There's a scientific study that demonstrates that people eat more when they eat with family and friends. The researchers found that, on average, people ate 48% more food when dining with friends and family than when dining alone. It could just be that people eat more because meals tend to last longer when people eat together. The solution is to consume at least as much as others in the group.

EXTRACT 1

What do you drink when you need to problem solve, a cup of tea? An energy drink? Me, I prefer a simple cappuccino. And when I really need a boost of creativity I head down to my favourite local coffee shop. Coffee shops are full of other people working. They're reading books, typing emails, making coffee drinks. When you're surrounded by productivity it becomes easier for you to be productive as well.

EXTRACT 2

Does money make us happy? Having more and more money doesn't necessarily make you happier. Happiness depends not so much on exactly how much money you have as on how you spend it. For example, good memories tend to give us longer lasting satisfaction. Spending money on things like travel, going out with friends and generally having interesting experiences is more likely to raise our happiness.

EXTRACT 3

Have you ever wondered what it would be like to speak more than one language? Would it be hard to talk without mixing up the languages? Let's look at what scientists have to say. They think that using 2 languages provides the brain with plenty of practice. When a person is bilingual, for example, he or she has two different languages constantly active in the mind. In order to speak one language without intrusions from the other, the speaker's brain needs to suppress the language that isn't being used.



EXTRACT 4

Burning fossil fuels releases gases that contribute to global climate change, which creates a variety of serious problems for our global civilization. As one part of the solution, we need to find another way to power vehicles like cars and airplanes. Electric batteries are a promising possibility, but there's a big problem. They're heavy and bulky.

EXTRACT 5

Plant-based burgers that taste a lot like beef are now popular options at many restaurants and on many supermarket shelves. But what's motivating consumers to try out these new plant proteins? Emotions play an important role in consumers responses to meet like foods. A 2021 study out of Penn State found that when Americans are exposed to advertising, that appeals to their social conscience, they're more likely to select a plant-based dish than when they're shown ads promoting the dishes health benefits.

EXTRACT 6

When nobody is looking, you dive into a deep dish pizza or graze on French fries with mayonnaise. It's OK. Everybody does this. An interesting question, though is... why? As recently as 10 or 20,000 years ago, human beings had to fight for food. Under these conditions, a high calory meal was a great idea. Early humans needed as much quick energy as they could get every time they ate. The problem now is that we still have the evolutionary inheritance of those days.

Adapted from: www.npr.org

TAREA 2

French Polynesia

Imagine French Polynesia as the dream destination. It's a beautiful group of islands in the South Pacific. They're known obviously for their beaches, their good weather, their beautiful blue waters, but French Polynesia also has many activities for people of all loves, desires....

They have everything for hiking; actually, they have some great hiking in the South Pacific. They're great for scuba divers, snorkelers. If you love the water, they have a kite surfing school. They have fishing sunset cruises, so if... no matter what you're looking for, French Polynesia has it somewhere on one of its islands.

There are a few things to do in Papeete. One of the main attractions in the capital itself is called La Marche, so La Marche is the large downtown Central Market like you find in the developing world. And so you can go in and on the base floor... It opens it around 4:00 in the morning and on the base floor you can find food... they have a whole section where they're selling vegetables, fruits, fruit juices, and then up above, on the 2nd floor are mostly boutique style shops. There's also plenty of small restaurants and cafes. Most of them, of course, it's a tropical country, so you can sit outside, drink a beer. So my suggestion is sit down and relax and people watch.



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Other things you can do on Tahiti you can take advantage of excellent hiking in the centre, Tahiti in the centre of the island is known for its waterfalls and its lush jungles. The main purpose of my trip there is I went with a group. There was eight of us in total so we spent a week in Bora Bora.

So my suggestion would be fly into Tahiti. Maybe take a little time in the morning at the market and then fly to Bora Bora in the afternoon. It's known for being a pricier destination in the islands of French Polynesia themselves. So there are inexpensive lodgings on Bora Bora, however, so you can if you're more of the rustic type, they have Airbnbs that are as cheap as \$30 or they have over the water bungalows that are two stories, hot tubs, jacuzzi for \$10,000 a night.

So going back to more, my price range, the resort I stayed at was called the Hotel Mai Tai and they had a range of price options and rooms. So the one I stayed at was a regular room, it was up on the hill overlooking the lagoon. It was about \$250 per night, so not unreasonable by any means. So there is quite a difference depending on what you want, but there are affordable or at least semi affordable options depending on your budget.

Adapted from: www.amateurtraveler.com

TAREA 3

Being bilingual

INTERVIEWER: I moved to the UK at the age of 9. Every immigrant has their own story of culture shock, integration and, perhaps, gradual detachment from their motherland. My own experience has left me fascinated with the role that language plays in that process. In these two episodes, I want to explore the impact of language on identity and how we see the world. Today I'm speaking to Leslie Orozco, who was plucked Spanishless from America to Mexico. LESLIE, take us back to that time. You were raised in Wisconsin. How old were you when your family moved?

LESLIE: Well, I was born in San Luis, Potosí, Central Mexico, but we moved to Wisconsin when I was about a year old and we stayed there until I was around 11-12 years old and that's when we moved back to Mexico.

INTERVIEWER: And did you know much Spanish when you moved back?

LESLIE: No, I didn't know anything more than just like "my name is...." and "thank you" and "please".

INTERVIEWER: You would have been in school, is that secondary school?

LESLIE: Yep, secondary school... the first year of secondary school, actually.

INTERVIEWER: What was that like?

LESLIE: It was interesting. I guess I was like the new kid. Very new kid. And everyone kind of wanted to be my friend. But there was this huge language barrier that I didn't really understand what everyone was saying, and they didn't really understand me.

INTERVIEWER: And did you fall behind in school during that time?

LESLIE: Definitely. In the end I had to retake that whole first year and the principal called me in with my mom and said that, because of my grades, he technically had to kick me out,



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because I was failing everything, except English, of course. So, he said that he's only going to spare me 'cause he saw that I was actually trying to make friends and I would assist, you know, after school activities.

INTERVIEWER: How come your parents didn't teach you more Spanish? Did your parents think it was important for you to know Spanish when they moved to America?

LESLIE: Yeah, my dad was the one who was more keen on trying to get us to speak in Spanish, but my mom got a job as a translator. And she would like it like she would try to speak in English at home 'cause then she could keep practising and like her pronunciation and stuff like that. So, my dad was just kind of always upset about it and he'd say like "the day you go to Mexico you'll see the importance of this" and I'm like "dad like it's been so long we've never been..."

INTERVIEWER: Today do you speak English when you...? Clearly don't speak English with a Spanish accent, but do you speak Spanish with an English accent? Or American accent?

LESLIE: I don't. I don't really know why I got really lucky. I just say that I was really blessed. And the only kind of theory I have is that it was... something that was implanted like in the back of my brain when I was a kid from my parents speaking it around and my mom always had, you know, like Luis Miguel or Juan Gabriel or like Mexican artists I would sing in Spanish and I would sing along with her 'cause there was always something in the background and we danced so somewhere I had like the phonetic. But I didn't... I really don't know when it just clicked.

INTERVIEWER: Do you think that having such a good command of two languages makes you any better at other languages? 'Cause I feel like I want to believe that about myself, but I'm not.

LESLIE: I don't know a third language, but I've tried to learn German and I've tried to learn French, so I was learning German in Spanish. You know, when they have that kind of weird... You know your teacher speaks Spanish, but she's teaching you grammar of a different language and she's trying to link things, and it was kind of like difficult. But then I would also link things in English so my notes were like all over the place.

INTERVIEWER: Do you think that, overall, it has been a good thing?

LESLIE: You know, in its time it was pretty... you know it is kind of traumatic, you know and it moulds you in a certain way and you'll hide aspects about yourself. You feel kind of ashamed and then suddenly that ashame... or that shame will turn into something that you're proud of or

INTERVIEWER: Yeah, absolutely. Well Leslie. It's so lovely to talk to you. Thank you so much for joining the show.

LESLIE: Thank you so much Cindy this was awesome

Adapted from: BBC One to ONe